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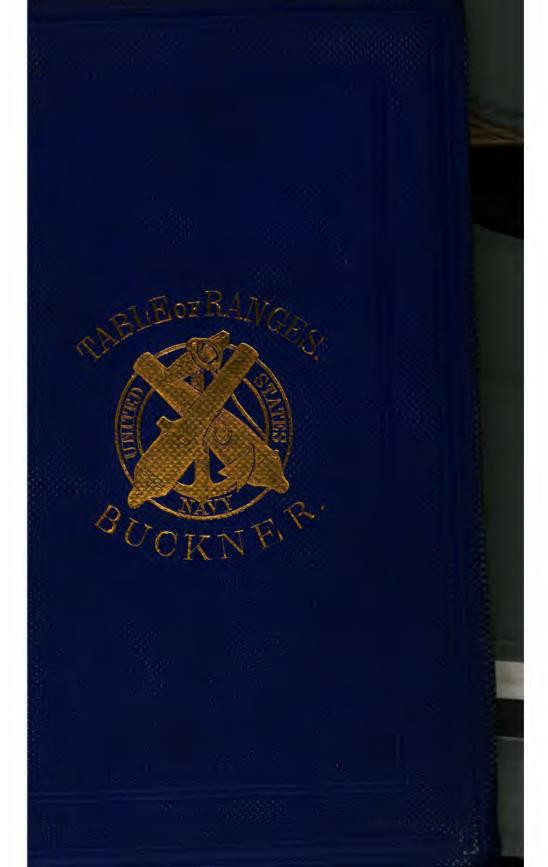
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# War 4278,65,3



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May 8. 1805.

# CALCULATED

# TABLES OF RANGES

FOR

# NAVY AND ARMY GUNS.

WITH

A METHOD OF FINDING

THE

# DISTANCE OF AN OBJECT AT SEA.

BY

LIEUT. W. P. BUCKNER, U. S. N.

APPROVED BY THE ORDNANCE BUREAU NAVY DEPARTMENT.

NEW YORK: D. VAN NOSTRAND, 192 BROADWAY. 1865. Henry et. 1865, 11.5.71.
Chief of Bussau & Consider see.

Entered according to Act of Congress, in the year 1865, by D. VAN NOSTRAND,

In the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York.

# BUREAU OF ORDNANCE, NAVY DEPARTMENT, Washington City, February 8, 1865.

Lieut. W. P. BUCKNER, U. S. N., Navy Yard, New York:

SIR:—Your letter of the 14th ultimo, with enclosed Tables of Ranges of Navy Guns calculated by you, has been received.

The Tables have been carefully examined and approved by the Bureau.

The method of calculation is very simple and ingenious, and though not theoretically accurate, is yet sufficiently so for practical purposes, and it is believed that the Tables will prove of much value to the service.

Should you determine to publish them, the Bureau will take a thousand copies for distribution in the Navy.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

H. A. WISE, Chief of Bureau.

N.B.—This letter has no reference to the Tables of Ranges of Army Guns hereto appended.

# Bureau of Navigation, Navy Department, Washington, March 21, 1864.

SIR:—It affords me pleasure to say, that I think your Table for finding the distance of an object at sea is suited to be very useful on board ship. I think the word "mast-head" should be substituted for "cross-trees."

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

C. H. DAVIS,

Rear-Admiral and Chief of Bureau.

Lieut. W. P. BUCKNER, U. S. N., Ordnance Office, Navy Yard, N. Y.

# PREFACE.

In publishing the following Tables of Ranges, the author does not pretend to say that they are theoretically exact. His attention was first called to a solution of the problem, in a general manner, by Commander W. N. Jeffers, of the Navy. After a patient search in all the books of reference at his disposal, he still found the problem covered with obscurity, and it struck him that the obscurity arose from the method of treating the subject: for instance, the resistance of the air to a shot passing through it is given in pounds, when I thought it should be given in terms of its The law usually assumed has been, that the resistance increases as the squares of the velocity; this is not strictly true, and I thought it more simple at once to deduce the retardation caused by the atmosphere. put the problem in its simplest form, and is easily solved. It will be seen that in computing the horizontal range I have neglected the effect of gravity, for, since the horizontal ranges are given by experiment, the question of gravity does not enter into the problem at all. But, with regard to the angle of fall and the final velocity, I here introduce

the effect of gravity, combined with the resistance of the This I claim to be only an approximation to the truth. I have attempted to solve the problem in a strictly correct theoretical manner; but the Equations which it gave rise to were of so complex a form as to be utterly useless for practical purposes, and, in fact, transcendental in their character, and incapable of solution except by the method of approximation; so that I have resorted to this as the simplest solution, and the one best suited to the wants of the service. It will not be wondered at that I have stuck fast upon this problem in this respect, when I state that such minds as those of Newton, Bernoulli, Robbins, Hutton, Dr. Brooke, and many of the best French mathematicians, have failed to solve the problem in a satisfactory On one occasion Dr. Keill proposed this problem to Bernoulli as one of the most difficult of solution. He solved it in the most general manner, but without giving satisfaction to the public in general, or in accordance with actual experiment. To quote the language of the London Encyclopædia, "We do not learn the ranges of a gun from theory, but the theory from the ranges of a gun;" it is this fact that I have based my calculations upon, and I believe them more accurate than any other Tables yet produced. Again it says: "All the solutions. of this problem depend upon a particular law of resistance, assumed without proving that to be the law by which a body is resisted in its motion through the air; but even theory points out many causes of deviation from this law,

such as the pressure and condensation of the air in the case of very swift motion. And Mr. Robbins's experiments are sufficient to show that the resistance must be exceedingly great in such cases. Euler and subsequent writers have allowed it to be three times as great as squares of velocity, even in cases which frequently occur. And Euler gives a rule for ascertaining, with tolerable accuracy, what this increase and what the whole resistance may amount to."

I have tried to avoid these difficulties in determining the amount of retardation in terms of the velocity, for it is not the number of pounds of resistance a shot experiences that we wish to know, but the actual amount of retardation This I claim to have discovthat this resistance causes. ered, and from this I deduce the initial velocity, and, finally, the horizontal range. With regard to the time of flight of a shot, actual experiment shows it to be equal to the angle of elevation, varying, in extreme cases, a second or two from this rule. I have deduced a formula, based upon this fact, which gives the time of flight very nearly · for all classes of guns, for since the theory must be discovered from the ranges, &c., of a gun, I believe that I am right in thus basing my calculations upon experiment. have tried to avoid the difficulties which previous investigators have fallen into, and I think that I have succeeded in doing so, and if so, I hope that an indulgent public will not fail to appreciate it.

W. P. BUCKNER, Lieutenant.

# EXPLANATION OF THE TABLES.

In the following Tables the height of the gun above the plane is assumed to be 16 feet, and the time of flight equal to the angle of elevation +1". If we further assume that the retardation of the shot caused by the resistance of the air is in a certain proportion to its actual velocity, we have the following geometrical series expressing the range:

Let s = range.

r =ratio of retardation.

a = 1st term, or initial velocity.

Then we will have for s the following series:

or, 
$$s = a + a r + a r^{3} + a r^{3} + \dots + a r^{n-1}$$
  
 $s = \frac{a(1-r^{n})}{1-r}$ .

If then we take from any Table of Ranges two ranges actually obtained by experiment, we will have two equations involving two unknown quantities to find them. This gives rise to the following

#### PROBLEM.

Two ranges being given to find the retardation, initial velocity, and range of a gun.

Example.—To find the range of a 100-pounder Rifle; from a Table of Ranges, I take the range corresponding to

$$7^{\circ} = 2853 \text{ yds} = \frac{a(1-r^{8})}{1-r}$$
;

and

$$15^{\circ} = 5030 \text{ yds} = \frac{a(1-r^{16})}{1-r}.$$

Finding the value of a in each, and equating, we have

$$\frac{2853 - 2853 \ r}{1 - r^{8}} = \frac{5030 - 5030 \ r}{1 - r^{16}}.$$

Clearing of fractions, transposing, and uniting, we have

2853 
$$r^{17}$$
 - 2853  $r^{16}$  - 5030  $r^{3}$  + 5030  $r^{3}$  + 2177  $r$  - 2177 = 0;

dividing by r-1,

we have

$$2853 \, r^{16} - 5030 \, r^{8} + 2177 = 0;$$

and

$$r^{16} - \frac{5030}{2853} r^{8} = \frac{-2177}{2853}.$$

Completing the square,

$$r^{16} - \frac{5030}{2853}r^{6} + \left(\frac{2515}{2853}\right)^{9} = \frac{-2177}{2853} + \left(\frac{2515}{2853}\right)^{9} = \frac{11424}{(2853)^{9}};$$

extracting the square root,

$$r^3 - \frac{2515}{2853} = \frac{\pm 338}{2853}$$
;

transposing, we have

$$r^8 = 1$$
 or  $\frac{2177}{2853} = .76306$ ;  $r = \sqrt[8]{.76306} = .9668 = \text{nearly } \frac{39}{30}$ ;

hence, the retardation is 3.

If now in the equation

$$a = \frac{2853 - 2853 \, r}{1 - r^8},$$

we substitute the value of r thus found, we will have a or the initial velocity:

$$a = 401 \text{ yds} = 1203 \text{ feet.}$$

To find the range, we have simply to deduct  $\frac{1}{30}$  of the velocity from the velocity, and add this quantity to the previous range, or thus:

1 yds 401	$5^{\circ} = 2217$
8 —18	328
-	
9 388	$6^{\circ} = 2545$
5 <b>—</b> 18	317
<del>-</del>	•
4 375	$7^{\circ} = 2862$
<b>3</b> —12	· ·
-	•
7 363	$18^{\circ} = 5736$
L —12	213
-	
351	$19^{\circ} = 5949.$
9 —12	206
•	
7 389	$20^{\circ} = 6155$
	3 —13 388 5 —18 4 378 3 —12 7 363 1 —12 3 351 9 —12

and so on.

#### TO FIND THE ANGLE OF FALL.

WERE the shot to move in a vacuum it would strike the water at exactly the same angle as it was fired at, and the angle of fall would be exactly equal to the angle of elevation; but, owing to the resistance of the air, it strikes at a greater angle. The following method was used in constructing the Tables, which, though not strictly accurate in theory, is a sufficient approximation for all practi-We see from the last example, that the remaining velocity of a 100-pounder shot, at 20° elevation and 21" time of flight, was 206 yards. If we assume that the shot was one-half of this time in falling, say 10", we would have for the velocity of the shot in falling, due to gravity alone, 108 yards, leaving out of consideration the resistance of the air to the falling body. But we have seen that a 100-pounder shot passing through the air experiences a resistance of 10 of the velocity; hence the shot would not acquire 32.4 feet velocity at the end of the first second of time, but this quantity diminished by  $\frac{1}{30}$ , and so on. then we call  $\alpha$  the force of gravity, r the ratio, and n the number of seconds, we will have the following series, any term of which expresses the velocity at that time, viz.:

 $ar+2ar^2+3ar^2+4ar^4$  . . . . . . +  $nar^n$ 

It is further evident that, as the resistance goes on increasing with the velocity, there must be a time when they will counterbalance each other, and at which time v, the velocity, will be a maximum, and afterwards remain constant or uniform.

To find when this takes place, we have the equation:

$$n a r^{\bullet} = v$$
.

To find when v is a maximum we differentiate this last equation, which gives

$$d n a r^n + r^n d n \log r n a = d v,$$

$$1 + \log r n = 0,$$

$$n = \frac{-1}{\log r}.$$

The logarithm here expressed is the Naperian. Now, if we assume

$$r = \frac{29}{30}$$
 Naperian  $\log = -03390$ ;  $n = 29'' 5$ 

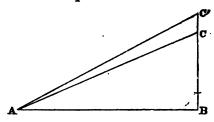
for the time of falling, at which time v becomes a maximum and afterwards remains constant.

To find the velocity of fall at 10'' of time we have simply to solve the equation:

or thus: 
$$\log 10 \ a = 2.03342$$
 
$$\log r^{10} = 9.85280$$
 
$$\qquad \qquad x = 76.95 \text{ yds} = \log 1.88622$$

hence,

If we plot this example thus:



Lay off BAC = angle of elevation = 20°, and AC = remaining velocity = 206 yds.; then lay off CC' = 76.9 yds. = velocity of fall; then will BAC' = the angle of fall, and AC' = final velocity. This may be more readily solved by Bowditch's Plane Table II.; for, if we enter the Table with 20° as a course, and 206 yds. as a distance, we take out AB = difference of latitude, and BC = departure; if, then, we add CC' to the departure, we obtain BC'. Again, enter the Table and find AB and BC' to correspond, the angle at the top of the page will be the angle of fall, if the difference of latitude is greater than the departure; otherwise the angle at the bottom of the page will be the required angle, and the distance corresponding will be the final velocity. Thus:

Elevation.	$oldsymbol{Dist.}$	Diff. Lat.	Dept.	Dept. $+76' 9''$ .
20°	206 yds.	193' 6"	70′ 5″	147′ 4″

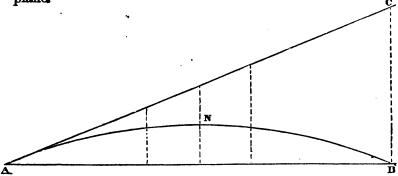
Now enter the Table again with 193' 6" difference of latitude and 147' 4" departure, we find them to correspond under 37° and opposite 243 yds.

Then

Angle of Fall =  $37^{\circ}$ .\*
Final Velocity = 243 yds.

#### TIME OF FLIGHT.

As a shot fired from a gun moves through the air it experiences a certain amount of resistance: the amount of retardation has been found in the preceding pages. It is now proposed to find an expression for the time of flight. The time of flight is proved by experiment to be equal to the angle of elevation, when the gun is on the level of the plane.



In the figure, AC is the line of fire, AB the horizontal range, CB the distance the shot has to fall before reaching the plain, BAC the angle of elevation, ANB the actual path of the shot. The distance AC, that the shot would fly by the action of the charge, is expressed by the equation:

$$AC = \frac{a(1-r')}{1-r}.$$

The distance CB, that it would fall in the same time, by the force of gravity alone, would be expressed by the equation:

BC = 
$$\frac{g}{2}r + \frac{3g}{2}r^3 + \frac{5g}{2}r^3 + \frac{7g}{2}r^4 + \frac{3g}{2}r^4 + \frac{3g}{2}r^4$$

taking into consideration the resistance of the air to a falling body. But this last equation is equal to

CB = 
$$\frac{g}{2} \frac{(r+r^3-(2t+1)r^{t+1}+(2t-1)r^{t+2})}{(1-r)^3}$$
.

But

$$CB = AB \sin A = Y$$
,

and

$$\mathbf{Y} = \frac{a \, (1-r^{2})}{1-r} \sin \mathbf{A} - \frac{g}{2} \frac{(r+r^{2}-(2t+1) \, r^{t+1} + \, (2t-1) \, r^{t+2})}{(1-r)^{2}}.$$

If we differentiate this last equation we obtain the value of t, that is:

$$t = \frac{a \sin A}{g r} - \frac{1}{\log r} - \frac{(1+r)}{2(1-r)}$$

The logarithm of r, here expressed, is the Naperian, and is minus for a proper fraction, and

$$\frac{1}{\log r} = \frac{(1+r)}{2(1-r)};$$

hence

$$t = \frac{a \sin A}{gr}$$

Now, since  $\frac{a}{gr}$  is a constant, we can easily find its value for any angle of elevation, say 20°, for the time of flight of a shot fired at 20° elevation is equal to 20".

Hence

$$\frac{20}{\sin 20^{\circ}} = \frac{a}{gr};$$

and

$$\log 20'' = 1.30103$$

$$\log \sin 20^{\circ} = 9.53405$$

$$\log \frac{a}{gr} = 1.76698$$

If we then wish to find the time of flight for any other angle of elevation, say 10°, we have simply to add this log. of  $\frac{a}{gr}$  to log. sin. 10°, the result will be the log. of the time of flight. Thus:

$$\log \frac{a}{gr} = 1.76698$$

$$\log \sin 10^{\circ} = 9.23967$$

$$t = 10'' \frac{16}{160} = 1.00665$$

But no gun is situated on the plane in firing, but at some distance above it, the average height being about 16 feet; so that we must add 1" to the time thus obtained, and, instead of the time of flight at 10° being 10", it will be 10+1, or 11".

2

### TABLES OF RANGES.

Class of Qun—XX-inch.			C	lass of Qui	n—XX-ind	ch.		
Charge of powder, 100 pounds. Projectile, Shot. Initial velocity, 400 yards. Retardation, 60.			P: In	harge of power rojectile, Shel litial velocity, etardation, 4	l. 350 yards			
Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.	f Elevation. Range. Time of Flight. Fa				
o°	yds.	sec.		. °	yds.	sec.		
, ,	400	1			350	_		
1	793	2		1	691	2		
2	1179	3		2	1023	3		
3	1559	4		3.	1347	4		
4	1933	5		4	1663	5	_	
5 6	2801	6	9°	5	1971	6	10°	
6	2663	7		6	2271	7		
7	3019	. 8		7	2563	8		
7 8	3369	9		8	<b>2848</b>	9		
9	3713	10		9	3126	10		
10	4051	11	18°	10	3397	11	19°	
11	4383	12		11	3661	12	_	
12	4709	13		. 12	3918	13		
13	5030	14		13	4169	14		
14	5346	15		14	4416	15		
15	5657	16	27°	15	4657	16	28°	
16	5963	. 17	'	16	4892	17		
17	6264	18		17	5121	18		
18	6560	19		18	5 5 344	. 19		
19	6851	20		19	5561	20		
20	7137	21	35°	20	5773	21	37°	

#### TABLES OF RANGES.

Class of Qun—XV-inch.			Class of Qun—XV-inch.				
Charge of powder, 60 pounds. Projectile, Shot. Initial velocity, 410 yards. Retardation, $\frac{1}{20}$ .			Charge of powder, 50 pounds. Projectile, Cored Shot. Initial velocity, 400 yards. Retardation, 18.				
Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight,	Angle of Fall.	Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.
o°	yds. 410	sec.		°°	yds. 400	sec.	
1	799	2		1	778	2	•
2	1169	3		2	1135	3	
3	1520	4		3	1472	4	
4	1853			4	1790	5	
5	2169	5 6	9°	, 5	2090	6	10°
5 · 6	2469	7		. <b>5</b> 6	<b>2</b> 373	7	
7	2754	7 8		7	2640	7 8	
7 8	3025	9		8	2892	9	
9	3282	10		9	3130	10	
10	3526	11	19°	10	3355	11	20°
11	3758	12		11	3568	12	
12	3978	13		12	3769	-13	
13	4187	14		13	3959	14	
14	4386	15	,	14	4138	15	
15	4575	16	30°	15	4307	16	31°
16	4755	17		16	4467	17	
17	4926	18		17	4618	18	
18	5088	19		18	4761	19	•
19	5242	20		19	4896	20	
20	<b>53</b> 88	21	40°	20	5023	21	41°

### TABLES OF BANGES.

CI	Class of Qun—XV-inch.  Charge of powder, 35 pounds. Projectile, Shell. Initial velocity, 343 yards. Retardation, 14.			C	ass of Qur	-XIII-ind	ch.
Pr Ini				Charge of powder, 70 pounds. Projectile, Shot. Initial velocity, 400 yards. Retardation, $\frac{1}{40}$ .			
Eleva- tion	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.	Eleva- tion.	Angle of Fall.		
- 0	yds.	sec.			yds.	sec.	
o°	343	1		o°	400	1	
1	661	2		1	. 790	2	
2	956	3		2	1170	3	
3	1230	4		3	1540	4	
4	1484	5		4	1901	5	
5	1720	6	11°	5 6	2253	6	9°
6	1939	7		6	2596	7	
7	2142	8		7.	2930	8	
8	2330	9		8	3256	9	
9	2504	10		9	3574	10	
10	2665	11	22°	10	3884	11	18°
11	2814	12		11	4186	12	
12	2952	13		12	4480	13	
13	3080	14		13	4767	14	
14	3199	15		14	5047	15	
15	3309	16	35°	15	5320	16	27°
16	3411	17		16	5586	17	
17	3506	18		17	5845	18	
18	3594	19	·	18	6098	19	
19	3676	20		19	6345	20	
20	375 <sup>2</sup>	21	47°	20	6586	21	35°

### TABLES OF BANGES.

Class of Gun-XIII-inch.			C	lass of Gu	n-XI-inc	h.	
Charge of powder, 50 pounds. Projectile, Shell. Initial velocity, 300 yards. Retardation, ½5.			Charge of powder, 20 pounds. Projectile, Shot. Initial velocity, 346 yards. Retardation, 18.				
Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.	Eleva- tion.	Angle of Fall.		
o°	yds. 300	sec.		o°	yds. 346	sec.	
1	588	2		1	673	2	
2	865			2	982	i	
1	1131	· 3		3	1274	3 4	
3	1386			4	1550	5	
5	1631	5 6	11°	5	1811	6	10°
3 4 5 6	1866		**	6	2058		10
1 1	2092	7 8		7	2291	7 8	
7 8	2309	9		8	2511	9	
9	2517	10		9	2719	10	
10	2717	11	22°	10	2915	11	21°
11	2909	12		11	3100	12	
12	3093	13		12	3 <sup>2</sup> 75	13	
13	3270	14		13	3440	. 14	
14	3440	15	-	14	3596	15	
15	3603	16	33°	15	37 <del>4</del> 3	16	32°
16	37 <i>5</i> 9	17	30	16	3882	17	5
17	3909	18		17	4013	18	
18	4053	19		18	4137	19	
19	4191	20		19	4254	20	
20	43 <sup>2</sup> 3	21	43°	20	4365	21	44°

### TABLES OF RANGES.

C	Class of Qun—XI-inch.				Class of Qu	n—X-incl	). 	
Charge of powder, 15 pounds. Projectile, Shell. Initial velocity, 339 yards. Retardation, 17.			Charge of powder, 12½ pounds. Projectile, Shot. Initial velocity, 330 yards. Retardation, 28.					
Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.	of Elevation. Range. Time of Flight.				
o°	yds.	sec.		o°	yds.	sec.		
1	339 658	2		1	330 648	2		
2				2	_	1		
1	958	3			954	3		
3	1240	4 5		3	1249	4		
4	1505	6		4	1533	5 6	0	
5 6	1754	1	10°	5	1807	l	10°	
	1988	7	·	6	2071	7		
7	2208	8		7	2325	8		
8	2415	9		8	2470	9		
9	2610	10		9	2706	10 .	_	
10	<sup>2</sup> 794	11	22°	10	2934	11	21°	
11	2967	12		11	3154	12		
12	3130	13		12	3366	13		
13	3283	14		13	3570	14		
14	3 <del>42</del> 7	15		14	3767	15		
15	3563	16	33°	15	3957	16	31°	
16	3691	17		16	4140	17	_	
17	3811	18		17	4316	18		
18	39 <b>2</b> 4	19		18	4486	19		
19	4030	20		19	4650	20		
20	4130	21	45°	20	4808	21	41°	

## TABLES OF RANGES.

c	Class of Gun—X-inch.			Class of Gun—IX-inch.					
. Pr	arge of powdo ojectile, Shell tial velocity, tardation, 18	332 yards.		Charge of powder, 13 pounds. Projectile, Shot. Initial velocity, 350 yards. Retardation, 21.					
Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.	of Eleva- tion. Range. Time of Ar Flight.					
o°	yds.	sec.		°°	yds.	sec.			
1	332	1			350	1			
1	648	2		1	683	2			
2	949	3		2	1000	3			
3	1235	4		3	1302	4			
4	1507	5		4	1590	5			
5	1765	6	10°	5	1864	5 6	10°		
6	2010	7		6	2125	7			
7	2243	8		7	<b>2</b> 374	8			
8	2465	9		8	2611	9			
9	2676	10		9	2837	10			
10	2876	11	21°	10	3052	11	21°		
11	3065	12		11	3257	12			
12	3244	13		12	3452	13			
13	3414	14		13	3638	14			
14	3575	15		14	3815	15			
15	37 <b>2</b> 7	16	33°	15	3984	16	31°		
16	3871	17		16	4145	17			
17	4007	18		17	4298	18			
18	4135	19		18	4444	19			
19	4256	20		19	4583	20			
20	4370	21	43°	20	4715	21	42°		

С	lass of Gui	a—IX-inc	h.	CI	ass of Gun	-VIII-ind	sh.	
Pr In	narge of powd ojectile, Shell itial velocity, etardation, 18			Charge of powder, 9 pounds. Projectile, Shot. Initial velocity, 340 yards. Retardation, ½0.				
Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.	Eleva- tion.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.		
-0	yds.	sec.			yds.	sec.		
o°	335	1		o°	340	1		
1	648	2		1	663	2		
2	9 <b>40</b>	3		2	970	3		
3	1212	4		3	1262	4		
4	1466	5 6		4	1539	5		
5	1703	6	10°	5 6	1802	6	10°	
6	1924	7		6	2052	7		
. 7	2130	8		7	2289	8		
8	2322	9		8	2514	9		
9	2501	10		9	2728	10		
10	2668	11	22°	10	2932	11	21°	
11	<b>282</b> 4	12		11	3126	12		
12	2970	13		12	3310	13		
13	3106	14		13	3485	14		
14	3233	15		14	3651	15		
15	3351	16	34°	15	3809	16	32°	
16	3461	17		16	3959	17		
17	3564	18		17	4102	18		
18	3660	19		18	4238	19		
19	3750	20		19	4367	20		
20	3834	21	46°	20	4490	21	43°	

C	lass of Gun	-VIII-in	ch.	c	lass of Gu	n-32-pd	r.		
Pr In	narge of powdojectile, Shellitial velocity, etardation, 18	210 yards.		Charge of powder, 9 pounds. Projectile, Shot. Initial velocity, 430 yards. Retardation, §.					
Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.						
o°	yds.	sec.		-0	yds.	sec.			
	310	1		o°	430	1			
1	600	2		1	812	2			
2	872	3		2	1152	3			
3	1127	4		3	1451	4			
4	1366	. 5		4	1722	5			
5	1590	6	12°	5	1961	6	10°		
6	1800	7		6	2173	7			
7	1997	7 8		7	2361	8			
7 8	2182	9		7 8	2528	9			
9	2356	10		9	2676	10			
10	2519	11	<b>2</b> 4°	10	2808	11	<b>2</b> 4°		
11	2672	12	•	11	2926	12			
12	2816	13		12	3031	13			
13	2951	14		13	3124	14			
14	3078	15		14	3207	15			
15	3197	16	36°	15	3281	16	38°		
16	3309	17		16	3347	17	_		
17	3414	18		17	3406	18			
18	3513	19		18	3458	19			
19	3606	20		19	3504	20			
20	<b>3</b> 693	21	48°	20	3545	21	<b>5</b> 3°		

	lass of Gu	n-32•pd	r.		lass of Gu	n—32•pd	r.
Pr In	narge of powd ojectile, Shell itial velocity, ctardation, &			Charge of powder, 6 pounds. Projectile, Shell. Initial velocity, 430 yards. Retardation, †			
Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.	Eleva- tion.	Time of Flight.	Ángle of Fall.	
o°	yds.	sec.		_0	yds.	sec.	
	440	1		o°	430	1	
1	807	2		1	788	2	
2	1113	3		2	1086	3	
3	1368	4		3	1334	4	
	1580	. 5			1541	5 6	
4 5 6	1757	6	10°	4 5 6	1713	6	11°
6	1905	7		6	1856	7	
7	2028	8		7	1975	8	
7 8	2130	9		8	2074	9	
9	2215	10		9	2156	10	
10	2286	11	26°	10	2224	11	26°
11	<sup>2</sup> 345	12		11	2281	12	
12	<b>2</b> 394	13		12	2329	13	
13	<sup>2</sup> 435	14		13	2369	14	
14	<b>2</b> 469	15		14	2402	15	_
15	2497	16	46°	15	2429	16	46°
16	2520	17		16	2451	17	
17	2539	18		17	2469	18	
18	2555	19		18	2484.	19	
19	2568	20		19	2496	20	
20	2579	21	67°	20	2506	21	67°

C	lass of Gu	n-32•pd	r.	Class of Gun-32-pdr.				
Pr In	narge of powd ojectile, Shell itial velocity, etardation, }	l.		Charge of powder, $4\frac{1}{2}$ pounds. Projectile, Shell. Initial velocity, 412 yards. Retardation, $\frac{1}{6}$ .				
Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.	Eleva- tion.	Angle of Fall.			
o°	yds. 420	sec.		o°	yds. 412	sec.		
1	770	2		1	755	2		
2	1062	3		2	1041	3		
3	1305	4		3	1279	4		
	1507	5		4	1477	5		
4 5 6	1675	6	12°	<b>5</b>	1642	6	11°	
6	1815	7		6	1780	7		
7	1932	7 8		7	1895	8		
8	2030	9		8	1991	9		
9	2112	10		9	2071	10		
10	2180	11	26°	10	2138	11	26°	
11	2237	12		11	2194	12		
12	2285	13		12.	2241	13		
13	2325	14		13	2280	14		
14	2358	15		14	2312	15		
15	2385	16	46°	15	2339	16	46°	
16	2407	17		16	2361	17		
17	2425	18		17	2380	18		
18	2440	19		18	2396	19		
19	2452	20		19	2409	20		
20	2462	21	67°	20	2420	21	67°	

C	lass of Gu	n-32•pd	r.		lass of Gu	n24-pd	r.		
Pr In	narge of powd ojectile, Shell itial velocity, etardation, <sup>1</sup> 6.	•		Charge of powder, 2 pounds. Projectile, Shot. Initial velocity, 304 yards. Retardation, †.					
Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.						
o°	yds.	sec.		o°	yds.	sec.			
1 1	400	1			304	1			
1	733	2		1	565	2			
2	1010	3		2	789	¦ 3			
3	1241	4		3	981	4			
4	1433	. 5		4	1146	5			
5 6	1593	6	11°	5	1288	6	12°		
6	1726	7		6	1410	7			
7	1837	7 8		<b>7</b> ·	1515	8			
7 8	1929	9		8	1605	9			
9	2006	10		9 '	1682	10			
10	2070	11	27°	10	1748	11	29°		
11	2123	12		11	1805	12			
12	2167	13		12	1854	13			
13	2204	14		13	1896	14			
14	2235	15		14	. 1932	15			
15	2261	16	46°	15	1963	16	48°		
16	2283	17	•	16	1990	17			
17	2301	18		17	2013	18			
18	2316	19		18	2033	19			
19	2328	20		19	2050	20			
20	2338	21	67°	20	2065	21	65°		

С	lass of Qu	n24-pd	r.	, (	Class of Qu	n—12-pd	г.		
Pr In	narge of powd ojectile, Shell itial velocity, etardation, §.	l <b>.</b>		Charge of powder, 1 pound. Projectile, Shot. Initial velocity, 283 yards. Retardation, 18.					
Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight,	Angle of Fall.						
o°	yds. 320	sec.		o°	yds. . 283	sec.			
1	569	2		1	518	2			
2	762	3		2	716	3			
3	912	4		3	880	4			
	1029	<b>5</b>		4	1017	5			
5 6	1120	6	14°	5	1131	6	13°		
6	1191	7	·	6	1226	7	_		
7	1246	. 7 . 8		7	1305	8			
7 8	1289	9		8	1371	9			
9	1223	10		9	1426	10			
10	1249	11	37°	10	1472	11	33°		
11	1269	12		11	1510	12			
12	1285	13		12	1542	13			
13	1297	14		13	1569	14			
14	1306	15		14	1591	15			
15	1313	16	69°	15	1609	16	57°		
16	1318	17		16	1624	17			
17	1322	18		17	1636	18			
18	1325	19		18	1646	19			
19	1327	20		19	1654	20			
20	1329	21	84°	20	1661	21	75°		

C	lass of Qu	n—12-pdı	r.	Class of `Qun—VIII-inch Rifle, Parrott.				
Pro In	arge of powd ojectile, Shell itial velocity, tardation, §.	• •		Charge of powder, 16 pounds. Projectile, Shot or Shell. Initial velocity, 365 yards. Retardation, 80.				
Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.	Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.	
o°	yds. 240	ыс. 1		o°	<sup>yds.</sup> 365	sec.		
1	440	2		1	7 <sup>2</sup> 3	2		
2	607	3		2	1074	3		
3	746			3	1418	4		
4	862	4 5 6		4	1755	5 6		
5	959	6	15°	5	2085	6	9°	
6	1040	7		6	2408	7		
7	1107	8		7	2724	8		
8	1163	9		8	3034	9		
9	1210	10		9	3338	10		
10	1249	11	36°	10	3636	11	19°	
11	1281	12		11	3928	12		
12	1308	13		12	4214	13		
13	1330	14		13	4494	14		
14	1348	15		14	4768	15		
15	1363	16	60°	15	5037	16	. 28°	
16	1375	17.		16	5301	17		
17	1385	18		17	5560	18		
18	1393	19		18	5814	19		
19	1400	20		19	6163	20		
20	1406	21	76°	20	6407	21	37°	

.Class	s of Qun—1 Parro		Riffe,	Clas	s of Qun— Parro		tifle,			
Pr In	Charge of powder, 10 pounds. Projectile, Shot or Shell. Initial velocity, 401 yards. Retardation, 30.				ojectile, Shot or Shell.  Projectile, Shot or Shell.  Initial velocity, 401 yards.  Initial velocity, 400 yards.					
Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.	Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.			
o°	yds. 401	sec.	_	o°	yds. 400	sec.				
1	789	2		1	784	2	•			
2	1164	3		2	1053	3				
3	1527			8	1407	4				
4	1878	4 5 6		4	1747	5				
5 6	2217	6	9°	5	2073	6	9°			
6	2545	7	_	6	2386	7	,			
7	2862	8		7	2686	8				
8	3169	9		8	2974	9				
9	3466	10		9	3251	10				
10	3753	11	19°	10	3517	11	20°			
11	4031	12		11	3772	12				
12	4300	13		12	4017	13				
13	4560	14		13	4252	14				
14	4811	15		14	4478	. 15				
15	5054	16	<b>2</b> 9°	15	4695	16	29°			
16	<b>528</b> 9	17		16	4903	17				
17	5516	18		17	5103	18				
18	5736	19		18	5295	19				
19	5949	20		19	5479	20				
20	6155	21	37°	20	5655	21	<b>39°</b>			

· Clas	s of Qun—3 Parro		tifle,	Class of Qun—20-pdr. Rifle, Parrott.				
Pr In	Charge of powder, 3½ pounds. Projectile, Shot or Shell. Initial velocity, 385 yards. Retardation, 30.				Charge of powder, 2 pounds. Projectile, Shot or Shell. Initial velocity, 383 yards. Retardation, 17.			
Eleva- tion.	Range.	Range. Time of Fight. Angle of Fall.			Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.	
o°	yds. 385	sec.		o°	<sup>yds.</sup> 383	sec.		
1	<i>75</i> 7	2		1	748	2		
2	1117	3		2	1096	3		
3 4	1465			-3	1428	4		
.4	1802	4 5 6		4	1744	5		
5 6	2128	6	9°	5	2045	6	10°	
6	<del>244</del> 3	7 8		6	2332	7		
7 8	2748	8		7	2605	· 8		
8	3033	9		8	2865	9		
9	3309	. 10		9	3113	10		
10	3576	11	20°	10	3349	11	20°	
11	3834	12		11	3574	12		
12	4084	13		12	3788	13		
13	4326	14		13	3992	14		
14	4560	15		1:4	4086	15		
15	4786	16	30°	15	4271	16	30°	
16	5005	17		16	4447	17		
17	5217	18		17	4606	18		
18	5422	19		18	4758	19		
19	5620	20		19	4903	20		
20	5812	21	39°	20	5042	21	41°	

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Clas	s of Qun— Dahlgo	20-pdr. F	lifle,	Cias	s of Qun—	12-pdr. R	lifle.	
Pr In	Charge of powder, 2 pounds. Projectile, Shot or Shell. Initial velocity, 350 yards. Retardation, 14.				Charge of powder, 1 pound. Projectile, Shot or Shell. Initial velocity, 360 yards. Retardation, $\frac{1}{6}$ .			
Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.	Eleva- tion.	Angle of Fall.			
o°	yds. 350	sec.		°°	yds. 360	sec.		
1	671	2		1	675	2		
2	965	3		2	950	3		
3	1235	4		3	1191	4		
4	1483	5		4	1402	5 6		
. 5	1711	.6	10°	5 6	1587	6	11°	
. 6	1920	7		6	1749	7		
7	2112	7 8		7	1891	7 8		
8	2288	9		8	2015	9		
9	<b>2</b> 449	10		9	2123	10		
10	2597	11	23°	10	2217	11	26°	
11	<b>273</b> 3	12 -		11	2299	12		
12	<b>2</b> 858	13		12	2371	13		
13	<b>2</b> 973	14	,	13	<sup>2</sup> 434	14		
14	3078 <sup>-</sup>	15	•	14	<b>2</b> 483	15		
15	3174	16	36°	15	2535	16	41°	
16	3262	17		16	2576	17		
17	3343	18		17	2612	18		
18	3417	19		18	2643	19		
19	3485	20		19	2670	20		
20	3547	21	49°	20	2694	21	61°	

Table for Finding the Distance of an Object at Sea.\*

YARDS			Hı	LIGHT OF	THE EY	E ABOVE 1	THE SEA.		·
DISTANT.	20 ft.	30 ft.	40 ft.	50 ft.	<b>6</b> 0 ft.	70 ft.	80 ft,	90 ft.	100 ft.
	0 /	0 /	0 1	0 /	0 /	0 /	0 1	0 1	0 /
100	3 44	5.37	7 29	9 21	11 11	13 00	14 47	16 34	18 16
200	1 50	2 46	3 43	4 39	5 35	13 00 6 31	7 27	8 22	9 18 6 11
300	1 12	1 49	2 26	3 04	3 41	4 19	4 56	5 33 4 08	6 11
400	53	1 21	1 48	2 16	2 44	3 12	3 40	4 08	4 36
500 600	41	1 03	1 25	1 48	2 10	2 32	2 54	3 17	3 39
600	34 28	52	1 10	1 29	1 47	2 05	2 24	2 42	3 01
700 800		44	59	1 15	1 31	1 46	2 01	2 18	2 34
800	24	44 38	51	1 05	1 18	1 32	1 46	2 00	2 13
900	21	33	45	57	1 09	1 22	1 33	1 45	1 57
1000	18	29 26	40	50	1 01	1 12	1 23	1 34	1 45
1100	16		35	45	55	1 05	1 15	1 24	1 34
1200	15	23	32	41	50	59	1 08	1 17	1 26
1300	13	21	29	37	45	53	1 02	1 10	1 18
1400	12	19 18	27	34	42	49	57	1 04	1 12
1500	11		24	31	38	45	52	59	1 07
1600	9	15	21	2.7	35	42	48	55	1 02
1700	8	15	21	27	33	39	45	51	58
1800		14	19	25	33 31 29	39 36	42	48	54
1900	7	12	17	22	29	34		45	50
2000	7 6	12	17 16	22	27	32	37	42	47
2100	6	11		20	25	32 30 28	35	40	45
2200	6	10	15	19 18	24	28	33	38	42
2300	6	10	14		22	27	39 37 35 33 31 29 28	40 38 36	40
2400	5	8	13	17 16	21	25	29	34	38
2500	5	8	12		20	24	28	32	36
2600	5 4	8	11	15	19 18	23	26	30	45 42 40 38 36 34 33 31 29 28
2700	4	7	11	14		21	25	29 28	33
2800	4	7 6	10	14	17	20	24	28	31
2900	3 3	6	10	13	16	19	23 22	26	29
3000	3	6	9	12	15	19		25 16	28
4000			••••	••••	••••	• • • • •	14	i .	19 13
5000	••••	••••	••••		•••••		10	11	13

<sup>\*</sup> To USE THE TABLE.—Measure the angle between the offing and the water-line of the object; with this angle enter the Table, and opposite, in the distance column, will be found the distance in yards.

Class of	Gun—XV-	inch Col	umbiad.	Class o	of Qun—X-i	nch Colu	ımbiad.	
Pr In	arge, 40 pour ojectile, Shell itial velocity, etardation, ½3	293 yards.		Charge, 18 pounds. Projectile, Shot. Initial velocity, 417 yards. Retardation, 170.				
Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.	Eleva- tion.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.		
o°	yds. <b>2</b> 93	sec.		o°	9ds. 417	sec.		
1	573	2		1	792	2		
2	841	3		2	1128	3		
3	1098	4		3	1430	4		
4	1344	5 6		4	1702.	5		
5	1579	6	12°	5	1947	6	10°	
6	1804	7		6	2167	7		
7	2019	8		7	2365	8		
8	2224	9		8	2543	9		
9	2420	10		9	2703	10		
10	2607	11	24°	10	2847	11	22°	
11	2786	12		11.	. 2977	12		
12	<b>2</b> 957	13		12	3094	13		
13	3120	14		13	3199	14		
14	<b>327</b> 6	15		14	3 <b>2</b> 93	15		
15	<b>342</b> 5	16	35°	15	3378	16	36°	
16	3568	17		16	34 <i>5</i> 4	17		
17	37°5	18		17	3522	18		
18	3836	19		18	3583	19		
19	3961	20		19	<b>3</b> 638	20		
20	4080	21	46°	20	3687	21	50°	

Class o	of Gun—X-i	nch Colu	ımbiad.	Class of Gun—X-inch Columbiad.			
Pr In	narge, 18 pour ojectile, Shell itial velocity, etardation, §.			Charge, 15 pounds. Projectile, Shell. Initial velocity, 324 yards. Retardation, $\frac{1}{9}$ .			
Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.	Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.
	yds.	sec.			yds.	sec.	
o°	472	1		o°	3 <b>2</b> 4	1	
1.	891	2		1	612	2.	
2	1263	3		2	<b>8</b> 68	3	
3	1594	4		3	1095	4	
	1843	5 6		4	1297	5	
4 . 5 6	2104	6	10°.	5 . 6	1477	6	12°
6	<b>2</b> 337	7		6	1637	7	
7	2544	7 8		· 7	1779	8	
7 8	2728	9.		8	1905	9	
9	2892	10		9	2017	10	
10	3038	11	21°	10	2117	11	26°
11	3168	12		11	2206	12	
12	3284	13		12	2285	13	
13	3387	14		13	2355	. 14	
14	3479	15		14	2417	15	
15	3561	16	34°	15	2472	16	41°
16	3634	17	-	16	2521	17	
17	3699	18		17	2565	18	
18	3757	<sub>5</sub> 19		18	2604	19	
19	3809	20		19	2639	20	
20	3855	21	48°	20	2670	21	57°

Class of Gun—X-inch Sea-coast Howitzer.			Class of	f Gun-VIII-	inch Col	umbi <b>ad.</b>		
Charge, 12 pounds. Projectile, Shell. Initial velocity, 300 yards. Retardation, \$\frac{1}{20}\$.				Charge, 11 pounds. Projectile, Shell. Initial velocity, 332 yards. Retardation, 13.				
Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.	Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.	
o°	yds. 300	sec.		o°	yds. 332	sec.		
1	585	2		1	639	2		
2	856	3		2	922	3		
3	1113	4		3	1183			
	1357	5 6		4	1424	4. 5 6		
4 5 6	1589	6	12°	5 6	1646	6	12°	
6	1809	7 8		6	1851	. 7		
7 8	2018	8		7	2040	8		
8	2207	9		8	2215	9		
9	2396	10		9	<sup>2</sup> 377	10		
10	2576	11	<b>2</b> 3°	10	2527	11	<b>2</b> 3°	
11	2747	12		11	2665	12		
12	2909	13		12	2792	13		
13	3063	14		13	2909	14		
.14	3209	15		14	3017	15		
15	3348	16	35°	15	3117	16	32°	
16	3481	17		16	3219	17		
17	3608	18		17	3304	18		
18	<b>372</b> 9	19		18	3382	19		
19	3844	20		19	3454	20		
20	3953	21	45°	20	3520	21	49°	

Class of Gun-VIII-inch Sea-coast Howitzer.				Class of Gun-VIII-inch Sea-coast Howitzer, barbette.			
Pr In	arge, 8 pound ojectile, Shell tial velocity, etardation, ‡.	ا.		Charge, 4 pounds. Projectile, Shell. Initial velocity, 252 yards. Retardation, ‡.			
Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.	Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.
o°	yds. 400	sec.		°	yds. 252	sec.	•
1	720	2		1	454	2	
2	976	3		2	4 616	3	
3	1181	4		3	746	4	
	1345	5		4	850	5	
4 5 6	1476	6	12°	5 6	933	6	16°
6	1581	7		6	999	7	
7 8	1665	7 8		7	1052	8	
8	1732	9		8	1094	9	
9	1786	10		9	1128	10	
10	18 <b>2</b> 9	11	31°	10	1155	11	39°
11	1863	12		11	1177	12	
12	1890	13		12	1195	13	
13	1911	14		13	1210	14	
14	1928	15		14	1222	15	
15	1942	16	59°	15	1232	16	65°
16	1953	17		16	1240	17	
17	1962	18		17	1246	18	
18	1969	19		18	1251	19	
19	1975	, 20		19	1255	20	
20	1980	21	76°	20	1258	21	82°

Class Ho	of Gun—V witzer, sieg	/III-inch s ge carria	Siege ge.	Class of Gun—42-pdr. Sea-coast Barbette.				
Pr In	arge, 4 pound ojectile, Shell itial velocity, etardation, 8.	l <b>.</b>	'	Charge, 10½ pounds. Projectile, Shot. Initial velocity, 350 yards. Retardation, 18.				
Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.	Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight,	Angle of Fall.	
o°	yds. 252	sec.		°°	yds. 350	sec.		
1	454	2		1	677	2		
2	616	3		2	982	3		
3	746	4		3	1267	4		
4	850	· 5		4	1533			
5 6	933	6	16°	5	1781	5 6	11°	
6	999	7		5 6	2012	7		
7	1052	7 8		7	2228	8		
8	1094	9		8	2429	9		
9	1128	10		9	2617	10		
10	1155	11	′ <b>3</b> 9°	10	2792	11	23°	
11	1177	12		11	2955	12		
12	1195	13		12	3107	13		
13	1210	14		13	<b>32</b> 49	14		
14	1222	15		14	3382	15	į	
15	1232	16	65°	15	3506	16	34°	
16	1240	17		16	3622	17		
17	1246	18		17	3730	18		
18	1251	19	·	18	3831	19		
19	1255	20		19	3925	20		
20	1258	21	82°	20	4013	21	45°	

Class	of Gun-32 Barbet	-pdr. Seatte.	r-coast	Class of Qun—32-pdr. Field Howitzer.				
Pr In	narge, 8 pound ojectile, Shot. itial velocity, etardation, 17	396 yards.	,	Charge, $2\frac{1}{2}$ pounds. Projectile, Shell. Initial velocity, 267 yards. Retardation, $\frac{1}{1^2}$ .				
Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.	Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.	
o°	yds. 396	sec.		o°	yds. 267	sec.		
1	756	2		1	512	. 2		
2	1083	3		2	737	3		
3	1380	4		3	943	4		
4	1650	5 6		4	1132	5		
5 6	1895	6	12°	5	1305	6	13°	
6	2118	7	•	6	1464	7		
7 8	2321	8		7	1610	8		
8	2506	9		8	1744	9		
9	2674	10		9	1867	10		
10	2827	11	22°	10	1980	11	27°	
11	<b>2</b> 966	12		11	2084	12		
12	3092	13		12	2179	13	•	
13	3207	14		13	2265	14		
14	3312	15		. 14	<sup>2</sup> 344	15		
15	3407	16	35°	15	<b>2</b> 416	16	42°	
16	3493	17		16	2482	17.		
17	3571	18		17	2542	18		
18	3642	19		18	2597	19		
19	3707	<b>2</b> 0		19	2647	20		
20	3766	21	47°	20	2693	21	55°	

Clas	s of Gun— Howit	32-pdr. F zer.	ield	Class of Gun—24-pdr. Slege.			
Pr In	arge, 3½ pour ojectile, Sphe itial velocity, ctardation, 10	rical Case. 200 yards.		Charge, 6 pounds. Projectile, Shot. Initial velocity, 416 yards. Retardation, ½.			
Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.	Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight,	Angle of Fall.
o°	yds. 300	sec.		o°	ydı. 416	sec.	·
1	570	2		1	780	2	
2	813	3		2	1098	3	
3	1032	4		3	1376	4	
4	1229	5 6		4	1619	5	
5	1406	6	13°	. 5	1832	6	11°
6	1565	7		6	. 2018	7	
7	1708	8		7	<b>2</b> 181	8	
8	1837	9		8	<b>2</b> 324	9	
9	1953	10		9	<b>2</b> 449	10	
10	2057	11	<b>2</b> 6°	10	2558	11	<b>2</b> 4°
11	2151	12		11	2653	12	
12	2236	13		12	2736	13	
13	2312	14		13	2809	14	
14	2380	15		14	2873	15	
15	2441	16	42°	15 -	2929	16	37°
16	2496	17		16	2978	17	
17	2545	18		17	3021	18	
18	2589	19		18	30 <i>5</i> 9	19	
19	2629	20		19	3092	20	
20	2665	21	55°	20	3121	21	53°

Class of Gun—24-pdr. Field Howitzer.			Class of Gun-24-pdr. Field Howitzer.					
Pr In	Charge, 2 pounds. Projectile, Shell. Initial velocity, 297 yards. Retardation, ‡.			Charge, 2½ pounds. Projectile, Spherical Case. Initial velocity, 300 yards. Retardation, 10.				
Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.	Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.	
o°	yds. <b>2</b> 97	sec.		o°	yds. 300	sec.		
1	<b>55</b> 6	2		1	570	2		
2	782	3		2	813	3		
3	980	4		3	1032			
	1153	5 6		4	1229	4 5 6		
4 5 6	1304	6	13°	5 6	1406	6	13°	
6	1436	7 8		6	1565	7		
7 8	1552	8		7	1708	8		
8	1654	9		8	1837	9		
. 9	1743	10		9	1953	10		
10	1821	11	29°	10	2057	11	26°	
11	1890	12	•	11	2151	12		
12	1950	13		12	2236	13		
13	2002	14		13	· 2312	14		
14	2047	15		14	<b>2</b> 380	15		
15	2086	16	47°	15	<b>244</b> 1 .	16	41°	
16	2121	17		16	<b>2</b> 496	17		
17	2152	18		17	2545	18		
18	2179	19		18	2589	19		
19	<b>22</b> 03	20		19	<b>2</b> 629	20		
20	2224	21	63°	20	2665	21	56°	

Class of Qun—18-pdr. Barbette.			Class of Qun-12-pdr. Field (Model 1857).				
Charge, 4½ pounds. Projectile, Shot. Initial velocity, 367 yards. Retardation, ½.			Charge, 2½ pounds. Projectile, Shot. Initial velocity, 362 yards. Retardation, 10.				
Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.	Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.
o°	yds. 367	sec.		o°	yds. 362	sec.	
1	688	2		1	688	2	
2	- 969	3		2	981	- 3	
3	1215	4		3	1245	4	
	1430	<i>5</i>		4	1483	-5	
4 5 6	1618	6	12°	5	1697	6	11°
6	1782	7	,	6	1890	7	,
7 8	1925	8		7	2064	8	
8	2050	9		8	2221	9	
9	2159	10		9	2362	10	
10	2254	11	<b>2</b> 6°	10	2489	11	23°
11	<sup>2</sup> 337	12		11	2603	12	
12	2410	13		12	2706	13	
13	<b>2</b> 474	14		13	2799	14	
14	2530	15		14	2883	15	
15	<b>2</b> 579	16	42°	15	2959	16	38°
16	2622	17		16	3027	17	
17	2660	18		17	3088	18	
18	2693	19		18	3143	19	
19	2722	20		19	3192	20	
20	<b>2</b> 747	21	59°	20	3236	21	52°

Clas	Class of Qun—12-pdr. Field (Model 1857).			Class of Qun—12-pdr. Field (Model 1857).				
Charge, 2 pounds. Projectile, Shell. Initial velocity, 357 yards. Retardation, 7.			Charge, 2½ pounds. Projectile, Spherical Case. Initial velocity, 291 yards. Retardation, ½.					
Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.	Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.	
o°	yds. 357	sec.		°°	yds. 291	sec.		
1	663	2		1	532	2		
2	925	3		2	733	3		
3	1150	4		3	.900	4		
4	1343	5 6		4	1039	5 6		
5	1508	6	12°	5 6	1155	6	14°	
6	1650	7		6	1251	7		
7	1772	8		. 7	1331	8		
8	1877	9		8	1398	9		
9	1967	10	_	9	1454	10		
10	2044.	11	27°	10	1501	11	33°	
11	2110	12		11	1540	12		
12	2167	13		12	1573	13		
13	2216	14		13	1600	14		
14	2258	15		14	1622	15		
15	<b>22</b> 89	16	49°	15	1640	16	56°	
16	2316	17		16	1655	17		
17	2339	18		17	1667	18	,	
18	2359	19		18	1677	19		
19	2376	20		19	1685	20		
20	<b>2</b> 391	21	65°	20	1692"	21	74°	

Class of Qun—12-pdr. Field Howitzer.			Clas	ss of Gun- Howit	12-pdr. F zer.	ield	
Charge, 1 pound. Projectile, Shell. Initial velocity, 246 yards. Retardation, §.			Pr In	narge, 3 poun rojectile, Sphe itial velocity, etardation, 1.	rical Case,		
Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.	Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.
o°	yds. 246	sec.		o°	yds. 288	sec.	
1	461	2		1	504	2	
2	649	3		2	666	3	
3	813	4		3	787	4	
4	956	5		4	878	5	
4 5 6	1081	6	14°	5	946	6	16°
6	1190	7		6	997	7	
7 8	1285	7 8		7	1035	8	
8	1372	9		8	1063	9	
9	1445	10		9	1084	10	
10	1509	11	32°	10	1100	11	47°
11	1565	12		11	1112	12	
12	1614	13		12	1121	13	
13	1657	14		13	1128	14	
14	1695	15		14	1133	15	
15	1728	16	50°	15	1137	16	75°
16	1757	17		16	1140	17	
17	1782	18		17	1142	- 18	
18	1804	19		18	1143	19	
19	1823	20		19	1144	20	
20	1840	21	65°	20	1145	21	89°

Class of Gun-12-pdr. Field (Model 1841).			Class of Qun-12-pdr. Field (Model 1841).				
Charge, 2½ pounds. Projectile, Shot. Initial velocity, 350 yards. Retardation, 10.			Charge, 2½ pounds. Projectile, Spherical Case. Initial velocity, 300 yards. Retardation, 6				
Eleva- tion.				Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.
o°	yds. 350	sec.		o°	yds. 300	sec.	
1	665	2		1	550	2	
2	948	3		2	758	3	
3	1203			3	931	4	
4	1432	4 5 6		4	1075	5	
5 6	1638	6	12°	5	1195	6	14°
6	1823	7		6	1295	7	
7 8	1989	8		7	1378	8	
8	2138	9		8	1447	9	
9	2272	10		9	1504	10	
10	2393	11	24°	10	1552	11	32°
11	2502	12		11	1592	12	
12	2600	13		12	1625	13	
13	2688	14		13	1652	14	
14	2767	15		14	1675	15	
15	<b>28</b> 38	16	39°	15	1694	16	55°
16	2902	17		16	1710	17	
17	2960	18		17	1723	18	
18	3012	19		18	1734	19	
19	3059	20		19	1743	20	
20	3101	21	52°	20	1750	21	74°

Class	of Qun—12· Howit	pdr. Mo	untain	Cla	ss of Qun-	6-pdr. Fi	eld.
Charge, ½ pound. Projectile, Shell. Initial velocity, 300 yards. Retardation, ½.			Pr In	narge, ‡ pound ojectile, Shot itial velocity, etardation, ‡.	•		
Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.	Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.
o°	yds. 300	sec.		o°	yds. 318	sec.	
1	525	, 2		1	583	2	
2	694	3		2	804	3	
3	821			3	988	4	
4	916	4 5 6		4	1141	5	
5 6	987	6	16°	5	1268	6	13°
6	1040	7 8		6	1374	7	
. 7 8	1080	8		7	1462	8	
8	1110	9		8	1535	9	
9	1132	10		9	1596	10	
10	1149	11	47°	10	1647	11	31°
11	1162	12		11	1689	12	
12	1172	13		12	1724	13	
13	1179	14		. 13	1753	14	
14	1184	15		14	1777	15	
15	1188	16	75°	15	1797	16	56°
16	1191	17		16	1814	17	
17	1193	18		17	1828	18	
18	1194	19		18	1840	19	
19	1195	20		19	1850	20	
20	1196	21	89°	20	1858	21	73°

Class of Gun—12-pdr. Field.			Class of Qun—12-pdr. Field.				
Charge, † pound. Projectile, Spherical Case. Initial velocity, 300 yards. Retardation, }.				Charge, † pound. Projectile, Spherical Case. Initial velocity, 300 yards. Retardation, †.			
Eleva- tion.	Range. Time of Fight. Angle of			Eleva- tion.	Range.	Time of Flight.	Angle of Fall.
	yds.	sec.			yds.	sec.	
o°	300	. 1		- 11	1396	12	
1	540	2		12	1417	13	
2	73 <sup>2</sup>	3		13	1434	14	
3	886	4		14	1448	15	
4	1009	5		15	1459	16	62°
5 6	1107	6	15°	16	1468	17	
6	1185	7		17	1475	18	
7	1248	8	•	18	1481	19	
8	1298	9		19	1486	20	
9	1338	10		20	1490	21	79°
10	1370	11	36°				